

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXIX.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1916.

No. 11

HUGHES DECLARES PARTY REUNITED

NOMINEE SAYS MAINE VOTE SHOWS PROGRESSIVE AND G. O. P. TOGETHER.

REACHES END OF TRIP

Plattsburg Speech Marks Closing of First Trip of Presidential Campaign.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Charles E. Hughes in the last speech of his first presidential campaign trip, asserted here tonight before a crowd that filled the opera house that the result in Maine had proved the Republican party was reunited. He declared the party would not "change its plans or aims." Persons in the audience took the reference to apply to criticisms of the methods pursued in conducting the present campaign and applauded the nominee vigorously.

"I come to you," Mr. Hughes said, "as the spokesman of a reunited Republican party. We have said it was reunited, we have devoutly hoped it was reunited. Now Maine proves that it is reunited. Whoever was skeptical about that before, must hide his cynicism now. We shall abandon no efforts. We shall not change our plans or aims, but we shall go forward with renewed confidence because the old State in the northeast corner has spoken in no uncertain voice."

Mr. Hughes assailed the Wilson Administration for failure to reduce the cost of living, for extravagance, for failure to protect American lives and rights abroad and for failure to "live up to its promise to observe the merit system." The nominee emphasized the previous declarations that the campaign was a "good-natured" one. He delighted, he said, to call his political opponents his "friends on the other side."

"It is a time for assessment, for appraisal and for candid statement," he said. "No one in this country can object to full and fair discussion. That is the very spirit of our institutions. But we are all friends, however divided politically."

"I do not desire, in speaking of those who do not agree with me, to manifest the slightest disrespect. If the argument is sound it will carry without any suggestion of personal enmity. We do not need that in our campaigns. What we need is fairness and truth, and then let the electorate decide."

"Our friends on the other side tickled the ear with many promises which they have not fulfilled. They said that the Republican party was responsible for the high cost of living. They have been in power for some time and I do not see that the high cost of living has been reduced. It seems to be beyond Democratic control."

"It was said they would dispose of many useless offices. The abolition of useless offices has not been quite so apparent as the appointment of useless officers. It was said that they would get rid of extravagance. The Republican party was arraigned for extravagance. Now it becomes our painful duty to arraign the Democratic Administration for extravagance."

"Our friends on the other side told us four years ago that they were going to be true to the principle of the civil service. The principle of the civil service has been betrayed. They told us that the lives and property of American citizens abroad would be protected. That was one of their most explicit promises. That was sound doctrine. The only trouble was that it was not performed."

Earlier in the day the nominee visited the military training camp here, remaining for dinner with Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood. Tonight Mr. Hughes praised the camp in his speech.

"It is a training school in democracy," he said. "It is a discipline that knits men together in wholesome comradeship. It is preparedness, not only military, but civil and moral. It is a great means of drawing men of all sorts together in recognition of a common fellowship and in the delight of wholesome co-operation. That is the spirit we must have in this country if America is to go

forward. If America indeed is to hold her place among the nations in the troublous days of the Twentieth Century.

"I desire to see these camps maintained in various parts of our land and men in constantly increasing numbers seeking the benefit of the training and discipline. I believe that our citizen reserve should be trained under Federal authority. I think it was a great mistake to abandon the plan that was first formulated with that end in view."

"This is the land of the free and the home of the brave. If it ceases to be the home of the brave, it will soon cease to be the land of the free."

A delegation of former Progressives, headed by William E. Howell, chairman of the Progressive County Committee, and a number of suffragists, occupied seats on the platform.

Mr. Hughes left Plattsburg at 10:50 o'clock tonight for New York. He will remain there until tomorrow afternoon when he will go to his summer home at Bridgehampton, Long Island, there to remain until September 17 or 18, when he starts on his second campaign trip.

REPUBLICANS OPEN HARTFORD QUARTERS

CHAIRMAN CONDIT COMES TO COUNTY SEAT AND PREPARES FOR CAMPAIGN.

Republican County Campaign Chairman Hiram Condit arrived in Hartford Tuesday night from his home near Pt. Pleasant and opened headquarters in the offices on Main street recently vacated by the Gem Oil company. Chairman Condit, Secretary Heavin and other prominent local Republicans were busy men Wednesday arranging the preliminaries of what they termed one of the most vigorous campaigns ever waged in Ohio county.

The headquarters will be maintained until after the election in November and the offices are being decorated and made to present a gala appearance. Chairman Condit stated yesterday that he wanted every Republican in the county, who could possibly do so, to visit headquarters during the campaign. He expects to spend most of his time here between now and the election, and is optimistic in regard to the outcome in Ohio county this fall.

FORMER OHIO COUNTY WOMAN DIES IN ILLINOIS

Word was received here last Friday that Mrs. J. R. Williams had died at her home in Shawneetown, Ill., after several days of illness. Services were held Sunday afternoon and the remains were interred in Shawneetown.

Mrs. Williams was a daughter of Mr. D. L. Smith, now living in Owensboro, and was born and reared in this county. She was a most estimable lady. Besides a husband and three children she is survived by four sisters and two brothers—Mrs. Dr. J. R. Pirtle, and Mrs. W. E. Newbolt, Hartford; Mrs. John McCuen, of Tulsa, Okla.; Mrs. A. C. Frier, of Fairfield, Ill.; Walter and Clarence Smith.

Mrs. Pirtle and Mrs. Newbolt were present at the death and burial of Mrs. Williams.

OHIO COUNTY PIG SOLD AT THE STATE FAIR

Master John Allen Wilson has the pig exhibited here in the Ohio County Pig Club contest, on exhibit at the State Fair. John Allen has sold the pig for the sum of \$30.00, which is a net profit over and above purchase cost including total cost of all feed consumed of \$15.54. This does not, however, include a cash prize of \$1.50 and the free trip, board, &c., at and during the State Fair awarded John Allen in the contest here. The pig is also entered in two or three rings at the State Fair and it is said that a premium of \$6.00 to \$10 is almost certain to be captured by John Allen, who he had not learned of the result at the hour of going to press.

Thus we have a practical demonstration of how it pays to keep only the best of stock and that only in a scientific and up-to-date manner.

THE HORRORS OF PEACE.



—Harding in Brooklyn Eagle.

MAINE CARRIED BY REPUBLICANS

REVISED FIGURES PLACE PLURALITY OF GOV.-ELECT MILLIKEN AT 13,355.

LOOKS GOOD FOR G. O. P. WILL JOIN THE ALLIES

Election of Whole Ticket Indicates Victory For Chas. E. Hughes In November.

Portland, Me., Sept. 12.—As the returns from isolated towns and plantations straggled in to-day from the Maine elections, revised figures place the plurality of Governor-elect Carl E. Milliken, Republican, over Gov. Oakley C. Curtis at 13,355. Returns from the border show that the members of the Second Maine infantry cast a total vote of 470, of which Milliken received 300.

Pluralities for the Republicans, who will send a solid delegation to Congress, were practically unchanged from the figures of last night, as were the pluralities of Frederick Hale and former Governor Bert M. Fernald, who were elected to the United States Senate.

The Republicans, who have held a majority in the State Senate, will control both houses by a good working majority.

Revised Vote.
The revised vote for Governor, United States Senators and Congressmen follow:

Governor—Milliken (Rep.), 79,592; Curtis (Dem.), 65,547.
United States Senator—Hale (Rep.), 78,644; Fernald (Rep.), 79,368; Johnson (Dem.), 68,273; Sills (Dem.), 66,832.
Congressman—Goodall (Rep.), 19,732; Stevens (Dem.), 16,103; White (Rep.), 19,157; McGillicuddy (Dem.), 18,770; Peters (Rep.), 21,820; Bunker (Dem.), 18,277; Hersey (Rep.), 15,066; Pierce (Dem.), 11,013.

The battle between Representative D. J. McGillicuddy, Democrat, and W. H. White, Republican, was close. The Democrats had staked everything on this contest and they had sincerely expected to win. The Republicans believed also that they, the Democrats, stood an excellent chance of winning.

Spectacular Campaign.
The election was the climax to the most spectacular campaign ever waged in New England. It was one of the most hotly contested battles ever waged anywhere.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

RESIGNATION OF GREEK CABINET

IS ACCEPTED BY KING CONSTANTINE AND GREECE BELIEVED PREPARING FOR WAR

Athens, Sept. 12, via London Sept. 13.—King Constantine has accepted the resignation of Premier Zaimis and his cabinet.

The belief is entertained in the entente capitals that the retirement of the Zaimis ministry is preliminary to the entrance of Greece in the war with the allies. Recent dispatches from Berlin and Vienna show that there, also, it is regarded as probable Greece will soon abandon neutrality and join the entente powers.

The precise causes which led to the resignation of the ministry have not been disclosed, on account of the exceptionally rigid censorship.

A London dispatch yesterday said M. Zaimis had complained that internal incidents were preventing him from dealing with the external situation. It is believed in London that his resignation was due to the fact that he accepted the Premiership on the understanding that he was to maintain neutrality, and in view of the Bulgarian occupation of Greek territory had found this impossible.

Start of The Trouble.

Up to the time of the dispatches announcing that M. Zaimis had presented his resignation his retirement was unexpected, for it was understood the Premier had assumed dictatorial powers and was in an exceptionally strong position. Political affairs reached a crisis after the Bulgarians invaded Northeastern Greece, and the followers of former Premier Venizelos served warning on King Constantine that he must abandon the advisers who, it was said, had misled him and influenced him in favor of Germany. At this time M. Venizelos expressed confidence in M. Zaimis, whom he asked the King to support, and it is understood an agreement had been reached under which the Zaimis ministry was to continue in power with the strong support of the Venizelos party.

After the fall of the Venizelos cabinet last October, on account of the King's disagreement with its policy favoring intervention in the war with

the allies, M. Zaimis was called on to form a cabinet. He announced a policy of armed neutrality. The cabinet resigned in November, but in June M. Zaimis was again placed at the head of the government. Although advocating neutrality, he was regarded as having a predisposition toward the Entente.

FIGHT OVER PROPER BAPTIZING METHODS

Paris, Ky., Sept. 12.—During the progress of a camp-meeting at Giltner's Grove, near Hutchison, this county, Sunday night, two negroes named Charles Morton and Clifton Kuster, became involved in a difficulty over the question of a proper way of being baptized. In the mixup that followed Morton fired three shots at Kuster, one of which took effect in his left breast, striking a rib, the ball lodging under the skin in his back.

After the shooting Morton made his escape, going in the direction of Lexington. The wounded man was brought to Paris for medical attention. His wound, while dangerous, is not necessarily fatal.

ENGLAND REFUSES TO POSTPONE EMBARGO

BRITAIN WILL NOT GRANT EXTENSION OF TIME ON TOBACCO BAN.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The British Government refuses to postpone its embargo on American tobacco consigned to the Central Powers. Secretary of State Lansing, writing to Senator James to-day, says that the State Department has put before the British Government a request for a further extension of time in which shipments of tobacco may be made to the Netherlands without consignment to the Netherlands Overseas Trust. "I have the honor to inform you," writes Secretary Lansing to Senator James, "that the American embassy at London has now reported by telegraph that the British Government regrets that it cannot accede to the department's request in the matter."

"As this decision relates only to a specific request made with a view to moderating the hardships of those who found themselves unable to fulfill outstanding contracts because of the brief time given in which to make arrangements to that effect, it will not affect the department's effort to secure the removal of all restrictions upon the shipment of tobacco to Europe, which will be continued in every proper way possible."

BRITISH VIOLATE THE NEUTRALITY OF THE U. S.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Violation of American neutrality by a British torpedo boat, which held up and examined the Philippine steamer Cabu within the territorial waters of the Philippines, was reported to the War Department today by Governor-General Harrison.

The dispatch immediately was transmitted to the State Department, and will be made the subject of a vigorous protest to Great Britain.

There has been more than one complaint about the activity of the British vessels around the Philippines, and while Gov. Gen. Harrison's report furnishes the basis for a specific protest, it is probably that Great Britain will be called upon to restrict the operations of patrolling squadrons generally in and near the territorial waters of the island.

774 GALLONS OF BEER POURED INTO CREEK

Princeton, Ky., Sept. 13.—Following a raid made on an alleged "soft drink joint" in Webster county, the authorities there confiscated 172 cases of beer and poured it into the waters of Hammond's creek, near Providence.

The beer was contained in 6,192 bottles, aggregating a total of 774 gallons. J. C. Skelton, owner of the alleged "Jingo joint," had been fined and sentenced to jail on the charge of violating the prohibition laws of the county. He had appealed from the verdict and pending the appeal had left the county, and hence did not put in his appearance to protest against the destruction of the beer.

SUBMARINE WAR TO BE REVIVED

GERMANS CONSTRUCTING POWERFUL UNDER-SEA FLEET FOR BLOCKADE.

ZEPPELINS TO BE USED

No Vessels Carrying Food or Ammunition Will Be Allowed to Reach Great Britain.

London, Sept. 12.—In a dispatch from Berlin to the Daily News, Rutledge Rutherford says:

Germany has decided to declare a blockade against England, effective on January 1. For this purpose a powerful fleet of submarines is being completed, and plans are being worked out to make the blockade a stringent one.

The movements of the submarines, it is said, will be guided to some extent by Germany's high-flying Zeppelins.

These submarines and Zeppelins will be equipped with extra sensitive wireless apparatus.

One high in the councils of the German naval administration today said:

"By the end of the year, and perhaps a little sooner, Germany will have in fighting trim 300 submarines of the most efficient type, and no vessel carrying food or munitions will be permitted to reach England."

Real Blockade.
"Ours will be a real blockade, not a coercive or illegitimate one, such as England pretended to institute against Germany."

"No compunction will be felt regarding the revival of submarine warfare because it is felt that England's abrogation of the Declaration of London has left Germany free of restraint in the matter of her promise to America."

Walter Forstmann, Germany's most skilled submariner, is on the program to command the squadron of submarines. He recently received the order of Merite for sinking more than 100 vessels, which include transports, patrol vessels and merchantmen.

The return of the great submarine Deutschland from the United States has encouraged further under-sea efforts. Many new submarines will be equipped with improved devices, one of which will enable submarine commanders to detect and destroy nets which England has laid and will lay in great numbers.

Mystery enshrouds the whereabouts of the submarine Bremen. That she has suffered damage to her engines or has been sunk by a British destroyer is denied by naval authorities here.

The Bremen should have reached Baltimore, however, before the Deutschland started on her return trip.

STONE TO FLOAT—SHIP IS MADE OF CONCRETE

Christiania, (via London), Sept. 13, 1:54 a. m.—A new type of ship has arrived here from the ship yards of Christianiafjord. The ship, which resembles a huge barge, is constructed entirely of concrete, except for the ribs, which are steel. It is said that the hull will resist damage better than steel or wood and that the ship is, therefore, safer.

More British Gold Here.

New York, Sept. 13.—Gold bars valued at between \$22,000,000 and \$25,000,000 were deposited at the assay office Sunday and yesterday by J. P. Morgan & Co. It was learned to-day. The gold came from Canada, and, according to report, arrived at Halifax recently under convoy of British warships. Canada's gold shipments to this country for the present movement now exceed \$250,000,000.

Cash For Eggs.
We will pay 20 cents per dozen cash for fresh eggs today and tomorrow (Friday and Saturday).
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.,
Produce Merchants,
Hartford, Ky.